

Global supply chains and decent work

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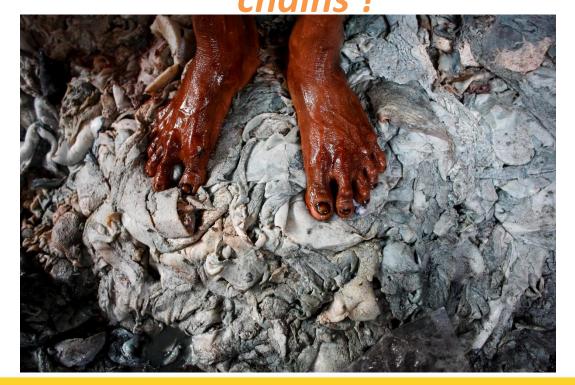
Sustainable Development Goals







Change Your Shoes How to reach ethical and sustainable supply chains?





- Change Your Shoes is a European initiative which stands up for an ethical, sustainable and transparent shoe supply chain
- partner project of 15 European and 3 Asian organizations
- project duration 2015-2017, financed by European Commission, DG DEVCO



Project partners:

- Südwind Agentur AUSTRIA
- Federación SETEM (SETEM) SPAIN
- INKOTA-netzwerk e.V. GERMANY
- Gender Education, Research and Technologies foundation (GERT) BULGARIA
- NaZemi CZECH REPUBLIC
- Globalization Monitor HONG KONG SAR CHINA
- Trade Union Rights Centre (TURC) INDONESIA
- Buy Responsibly Foundation (BRF) POLAND
- Fair Trade Center (FTC) SWEDEN
- Slovak Centre for Communication and Development (SCCD) SLOVAKIA
- SÜDWIND e.V. GERMANY
- Clean Clothes Campaign Denmark (CCCDK) DENMARK
- Labour Behind the Label (LBL) UK
- Umweltschutzorganisation GLOBAL 2000 AUSTRIA
- Pro Ethical Trade Finland (PETF) FINLAND
- Society for Labour and Development (SLD) INDIA
- CENTRO NUOVO MODELLO DI SVILUPPO (SNMS)- ITALY
- FAIR ITALY



Problems in supply chains:

1. The right to a living wage

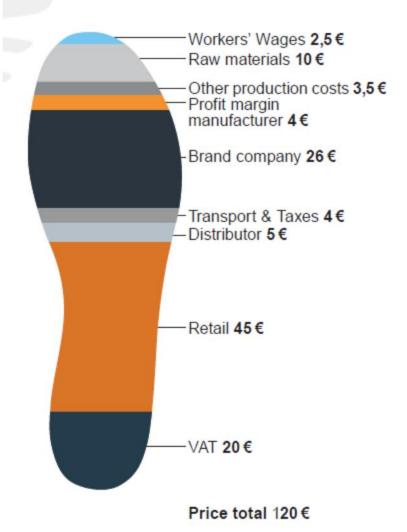
" A living wage should be earned in a standard working week (no more than 48 hours) and allow a garment worker to be able to buy **food** for herself and her family, pay the **rent**, pay for **healthcare**, **clothing**, **transportation** and **education** and have a small amount of **savings** for when something unexpected happens."





www.sccd-sk.org

Price analysis of a sneaker





PAY GARMENT WORKERS A LIVING WAGE



A worker should be able to afford:













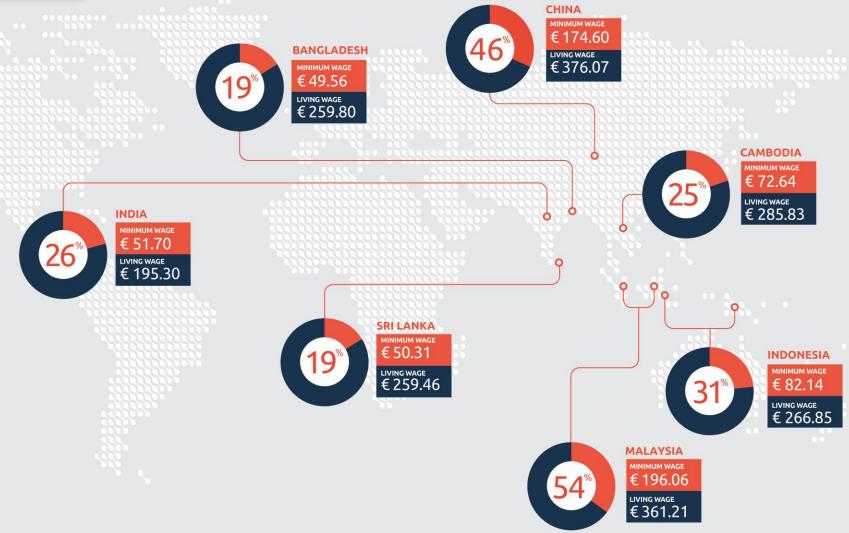


A living wage is a human right, for all people, all over the world

www.cleanclothes.org



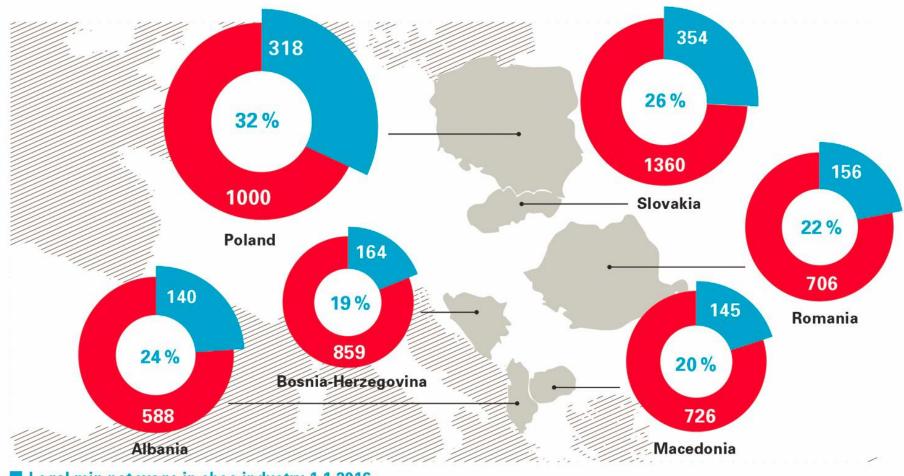
MINIMUM WAGE VS. LIVING WAGE



Sources: national wage research reports & various www.cleanclothes.org

www.sccd-sk.org

GAP BETWEEN LEGAL MINIMUM WAGE AND ESTIMATED LIVING WAGE



■ Legal min net wage in shoe industry 1.1.2016

■ Estimated min LW family of four (according to workers interviews)



Problems in supply chains:

2. Home based workers







www.sccd-sk.org

Problems in supply chains:

3. Working conditions in factories and tanneries – toxic chemicals (chrome VI)









Problems in supply chains:

- **4.** Lack of transparency missing information about country of origin
- **5. Safe products for customers** ban of chrome VI use in EU from 1.5.2015



Zmeň svoje topánky

Research in shoe factories in Slovakia (part of a more extensive research in 6 countries of Eastern Europe)

Findings:

- low wages that are insufficient to cover basic needs
- excessively high and low temperatures in the factories
- multiple health risks due to toxic substances in the workplace
- weak trade unions and labour inspection



Campaign demands:

- 1) Workers in the shoe supply chain have a right to a living wage.
- 2) Workers in the shoe supply chain have a right to safe working conditions
- 3) Consumers have a rights to safe products and transparency in the production of their shoes.

How to reach them:

- Legislative changes (EU, national governments)
- Pressure on brands to disclose and monitor supply chains
- Customers reduce consumption, recycle, choose responsible brands
- Ranking portals https://rankabrand.org



Thank you for your attention

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E-learning course about decent work:

http://dostojnapraca.wix.com/e-learning

